Form **8615**

Tax for Children Under Age 14 Who Have Investment Income of More Than \$1,400

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service (99) Child's name shown on return

▶ Attach ONLY to the child's Form 1040, Form 1040A, or Form 1040NR.

OMB No. 1545-0998

1999

Attachment

Attachment Sequence No. 33

Child's social security number

Α	Parent's name (first, initial, and last). Caution: See instructions on back before completing.	B Parei	nt's social se	curity number
	Parent's filing status (check one):			
C		Oualifying	widow(er)	
Par		<u>zaam jing</u>	maom(ci)	
1	Enter the child's investment income, such as taxable interest and dividends. See instructions. I	f		
•	this amount is \$1,400 or less, stop ; do not file this form	1		
2	If the child did not itemize deductions on Schedule A (Form 1040 or Form 1040NR), ente			
	\$1,400. If the child did itemize deductions, see instructions	l l		
3	Subtract line 2 from line 1. If the result is zero or less, stop ; do not complete the rest of this			
4	form but do attach it to the child's return	. –		
4	line 38	•		
5	Enter the smaller of line 3 or line 4			
Par	t II Tentative Tax Based on the Tax Rate of the Parent Listed on Line A			
6	Enter the parent's taxable income from Form 1040, line 39; Form 1040A, line 24; Form 1040EZ	,		
	line 6; TeleFile Tax Record, line K; Form 1040NR, line 38; or Form 1040NR-EZ, line 14. If less			
_	than zero, enter -0	. 6		
7	Enter the total net investment income, if any, from Forms 8615, line 5, of all other children o the parent identified above. Do not include the amount from line 5 above			
8	Add lines 5, 6, and 7	. 8		
9	Enter the tax on line 8 based on the parent's filling status. See instructions. If the Capital Gair	, —		
•	Tax Worksheet or Schedule D or J (Form 1040) is used to figure the tax, check here ▶ □			
10	Enter the parent's tax from Form 1040, line 40; Form 1040A, line 25; Form 1040EZ, line 10	;		
	TeleFile Tax Record, line K; Form 1040NR, line 39; or Form 1040NR-EZ, line 15. If any tax is	5		
	from Form 4972 or 8814, see instructions. If the Capital Gain Tax Worksheet or Schedule I	10		
11	or J (Form 1040) was used to figure the tax, check here			
11	13 and go to Part III	11		
12a	Add lines 5 and 7			
	Divide line 5 by line 12a. Enter the result as a decimal (rounded to at least three places) .	. 12b	×	
13	Multiply line 11 by line 12b	. 13		
		to line	0.	
14 15	Subtract line 5 from line 4			
15	Tax Worksheet or Schedule D or J (Form 1040) is used to figure the tax, check here \triangleright			
16	Add lines 13 and 15	. 16		
17	Enter the tax on line 4 based on the child's filing status. See instructions. If the Capital Gair			
	Tax Worksheet or Schedule D or J (Form 1040) is used to figure the tax, check here $ ightharpoonup$			
18	Enter the larger of line 16 or line 17 here and on Form 1040, line 40; Form 1040A, line 25; o			
	Form 1040NR, line 39	. 18		

General Instructions

Purpose of Form

For children under age 14, investment income over \$1,400 is taxed at the parent's rate if the parent's rate is higher than the child's rate. If the child's investment income is more than \$1,400, use this form to figure the child's tax.



See **Pub. 929**, Tax Rules for Children and Dependents, if the child, the parent, or any of the parent's other children under

age 14 received capital gain distributions or farm income. It has information on how

to figure the tax using the Capital Gain Tax Worksheet or Schedule D or J, which may result in less tax.

Investment Income

For this form, "investment income" includes all taxable income other than earned income as defined on page 2. It includes taxable interest, dividends, capital gains, rents, royalties, etc. It also includes taxable social security benefits, pension and annuity income, and income (other than earned income) received as the beneficiary of a trust.

Who Must File

Generally, Form 8615 must be filed for any child who was under age 14 on January 1, 2000, had more than \$1,400 of investment income, and is required to file a tax return. But if neither parent was alive on December 31, 1999, do not use Form 8615. Instead, figure the child's tax in the normal manner.

Note: The parent may be able to elect to report the child's interest and dividends (including capital gain distributions) on the parent's return. If the parent makes this election, the child will not have to file a return or Form 8615. However, the Federal

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income tax on the child's income, including captial gain distributions, may be **higher** if this election is made. For more details, see **Form 8814**, Parents' Election To Report Child's Interest and Dividends.

Additional Information

For more details, see Pub. 929.

Incomplete Information for Parent or Other Children

If the parent's taxable income or filing status or the net investment income of the parent's other children is not known by the due date of the child's return, reasonable estimates may be used. Enter "Estimated" next to the appropriate line(s) of Form 8615. For more details, see Pub. 929.

Amended Return

If after the child's return is filed the parent's taxable income changes or the net investment income of any of the parent's other children changes, the child's tax must be refigured using the adjusted amounts. If the child's tax changes, file Form 1040X, Amended U.S. Individual Income Tax Return, to correct the child's tax.

Alternative Minimum Tax

A child whose tax is figured on Form 8615 may owe the alternative minimum tax. For details, see **Form 6251**, Alternative Minimum Tax—Individuals, and its instructions.

Line Instructions

Lines A and B

If the child's parents were married to each other and filed a joint return, enter the name and social security number (SSN) of the parent who is listed first on the joint return.

If the parents were married but filed separate returns, enter the name and SSN of the parent who had the **higher** taxable income. If you do not know which parent had the higher taxable income, see Pub.

If the parents were unmarried, treated as unmarried for Federal income tax purposes, or separated either by a divorce or separate maintenance decree, enter the name and SSN of the parent who had custody of the child for most of the year (the custodial parent).

Exception. If the custodial parent remarried and filed a joint return with his or her new spouse, enter the name and SSN of the person listed first on the joint return, even if that person is not the child's parent. If the custodial parent and his or her new spouse filed separate returns, enter the name and SSN of the person with the higher taxable income, even if that person is not the child's parent.

Note: If the parents were unmarried but lived together during the year with the child, enter the name and SSN of the parent who had the **higher** taxable income.

Child's Investment Income Worksheet—Line 1 (keep a copy for your records)

Line 1

If the child had no earned income (defined later), enter the child's adjusted gross income from Form 1040, line 34; Form 1040A, line 19; or Form 1040NR,

If the child had earned income, use the worksheet on this page to figure the amount to enter on line 1. But if the child files Form 2555 or 2555-EZ (relating to foreign earned income), has a net loss from self-employment, or claims a net operating loss deduction, you must use the worksheet in Pub. 929 instead.

Earned income includes wages, tips, and other payments received for personal services performed. Generally, it is the total of the amounts reported on Form 1040, lines 7, 12, and 18; Form 1040A, line 7; or Form 1040NR, lines 8, 13, and 19.

Line 2

If the child itemized deductions, enter the greater of:

- \$1,400, or
- \$700 plus the portion of the amount on **Schedule A** (Form 1040), line 28 (or line 17 of the Form 1040NR Schedule A), that is directly connected with the production of the investment income on Form 8615, line 1.

Line 6

If the parent filed a joint return, enter the taxable income shown on that return even if the parent's spouse is not the child's parent.

Line 9

Figure the tax using the Tax Table, Tax Rate Schedules, the Capital Gain Tax Worksheet, or Schedule D or J, whichever applies. If any net capital gain is included on line 5, 6, or 7, Schedule D must be used to figure the tax unless the Capital Gain Tax Worksheet may be used. See Pub. 929 for details on how to figure the net capital gain included on line 8. If any farm income is included on line 5, 6, or 7, the tax may be less if you use Schedule J.

Line 10

If the parent filed a joint return, enter the tax shown on that return even if the parent's spouse is not the child's parent. If the parent filed Form 4972, do not include any tax from that form on line 10. If the parent filed Form 8814, enter "Form 8814" and the total tax from line 9 of Form(s) 8814 on the dotted line next to line 10 of Form 8615.

Line 15

Figure the tax using the Tax Table, Tax Rate Schedule X, the Capital Gain Tax Worksheet, or Schedule D or J, whichever applies. If line 14 includes any net capital gain, use Schedule D to figure the tax unless the Capital Gain Tax Worksheet may be used. See Pub. 929 for details on how to figure the net capital gain included on line 14. If any farm income is included on line 14, the tax may be less if you use Schedule J.

Line 17

Figure the tax as if these rules did not apply. For example, if the child has a net capital gain, use Schedule D to figure the child's tax unless the Capital Gain Tax Worksheet may be used.

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice. We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. You are required to give us the information. We need it to ensure that you are complying with these laws and to allow us to figure and collect the right amount of tax.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by Internal Revenue Code section 6103.

The time needed to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. The estimated average time is: Recordkeeping, 13 min.; Learning about the law or the form, 13 min.; Preparing the form, 45 min.; and Copying, assembling, and sending the form to the IRS, 17 min.

If you have comments concerning the accuracy of these time estimates or suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. See the instructions for the tax return with which this form is filed.

