

Name(s) shown on return	Identifying number
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Part I Current Year Credit

1 Total eligible access expenditures	1			
2 Minimum amount	2	\$	250	00
3 Subtract line 2 from line 1 (if less than zero, enter -0-)	3			
4 Maximum amount	4	\$	10,000	00
5 Enter smaller of line 3 or line 4	5			
6 Current year credit. Multiply line 5 by 50% (.50)	6			
7 Disabled access credits from flow-through entities:				
If you are a—		Then enter total of current year disabled access credit(s) from—		
a Shareholder		Schedule K-1 (Form 1120S), lines 12d, 12e, or 13 }		
b Partner		Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), lines 12c, 12d, or 13 }		
8 Total current year disabled access credit. Add lines 6 and 7, but do not enter more than \$5,000	8			

Part II Tax Liability Limit (See Who Must File Form 3800 to find out if you complete Part II or file Form 3800.)

9 Regular tax before credits:				
• Individuals. Enter amount from Form 1040, line 39	}	. . .	9	
• Corporations. Enter amount from Form 1120, Schedule J, line 3 (or Form 1120-A, Part I, line 1)				
• Other filers. Enter regular tax before credits from your return				
10a Credit for child and dependent care expenses (Form 2441, line 9)	10a			
10b Credit for the elderly or the disabled (Schedule R (Form 1040), line 20)	10b			
10c Mortgage interest credit (Form 8396, line 11)	10c			
10d Adoption credit (Form 8839, line 10)	10d			
10e District of Columbia first-time homebuyer credit (Form 8859)	10e			
10f Foreign tax credit (Form 1116, line 32, or Form 1118, Sch. B, line 12)	10f			
10g Possessions tax credit (Form 5735)	10g			
10h Credit for fuel from a nonconventional source	10h			
10i Qualified electric vehicle credit (Form 8834, line 19)	10i			
j Add lines 10a through 10i	10j			
11 Net regular tax. Subtract line 10j from line 9	11			
12 Alternative minimum tax:				
• Individuals. Enter amount from Form 6251, line 28	}	12	
• Corporations. Enter amount from Form 4626, line 15				
• Estates and trusts. Enter amount from Form 1041, Schedule I, line 42				
13 Net income tax. Add lines 11 and 12	13			
14 Tentative minimum tax (see instructions):				
• Individuals. Enter amount from Form 6251, line 26	}	14	
• Corporations. Enter amount from Form 4626, line 13				
• Estates and trusts. Enter amount from Form 1041, Schedule I, line 38				
15 If line 11 is more than \$25,000, enter 25% (.25) of the excess (see instructions)	15			
16 Enter the greater of line 14 or line 15	16			
17 Subtract line 16 from line 13. If zero or less, enter -0-	17			
18 Disabled access credit allowed for current year. Enter the smaller of line 8 or line 17 here and on Form 1040, line 44; Form 1120, Schedule J, line 4d; Form 1120-A, line 2a; Form 1041, Schedule G, line 2c; or the applicable line of your return	18			

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code.

Purpose of Form

Eligible small businesses use Form 8826 to claim the disabled access credit. This credit is part of the general business credit.

A partnership or S corporation that is an eligible small business completes Part I of the form to figure the credit to pass through to its partners or shareholders.

Definitions

Eligible small business. For purposes of the credit, an eligible small business is any business or person that **(a)** had gross receipts for the preceding tax year that did not exceed \$1 million or had no more than 30 full-time employees during the preceding tax year and **(b)** elects (by filing Form 8826) to claim the disabled access credit for the tax year.

For purposes of the definition:

1. Gross receipts are reduced by returns and allowances made during the tax year.
2. An employee is considered full time if that employee is employed at least 30 hours per week for 20 or more calendar weeks in the tax year.
3. Generally, all members of the same controlled group and all persons under common control are considered to be one person. See section 44(d)(2).

Eligible access expenditures. For purposes of the credit, these expenditures are amounts paid or incurred by the eligible small business to **comply with applicable requirements** under the Americans With Disabilities Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-336) as in effect on November 5, 1990.

Eligible access expenditures include amounts paid or incurred:

1. To remove barriers that prevent a business from being accessible to or usable by individuals with disabilities;
2. To provide qualified interpreters or other methods of making audio materials available to hearing-impaired individuals;
3. To provide qualified readers, taped texts, and other methods of making visual materials available to individuals with visual impairments; or
4. To acquire or modify equipment or devices for individuals with disabilities.

The expenditures must be reasonable and necessary to accomplish the above purposes.

Eligible expenditures **do not** include expenditures in 1 above that are paid or incurred in connection with any facility first placed in service after November 5, 1990.

Eligible access expenditures must meet those standards issued by the Secretary of the Treasury as agreed to by the Architectural and Transportation Barriers Compliance Board and set forth in regulations. See section 44(c) for other details.

Disability. For an individual, this means:

1. A physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more of the major life activities of that individual;
2. A record of such an impairment; or
3. Being regarded as having such an impairment.

Specific Instructions

Part I

Line 1. Enter total eligible access expenditures paid or incurred during the tax year. See **Eligible access expenditures** above for a definition and other details.

Controlled groups. All members of a controlled group of corporations (within the meaning of section 52(a)) and all persons under common control (within the meaning of section 52(b)) are treated as one person for purposes of the credit. The group member with the most eligible access expenditures should figure the group credit in Part I and skip Part II.

On separate Forms 8826, each member of the group skips lines 1 through 5 and enters its share of the group credit on line 6. Each member then completes the remaining applicable lines (or Form 3800, if required) on its separate form. Each member must also attach to its Form 8826 a schedule showing how the group credit was divided among all members. The members share the credit in the same proportion that they contributed eligible access expenditures.

Denial of double benefit. To the extent of the credit shown on line 6, the eligible access expenditures may not be claimed as a deduction in figuring taxable income, capitalized, or used in figuring any other credit.

Who Must File Form 3800

If for this year you have more than one of the credits included in the general business credit listed below, or have a carryback or carryforward of any of the credits, or have a disabled access credit from a passive activity, you must complete **Form 3800**, General Business Credit, instead of completing Part II of Form 8826 to figure the tax liability limitation.

The general business credit consists of the following credits:

- Investment (Form 3468),
- Work opportunity (Form 5884),
- Welfare-to-work (Form 8861),
- Alcohol used as fuel (Form 6478),
- Research (Form 6765),
- Low-income housing (Form 8586),
- Enhanced oil recovery (Form 8830),
- Disabled access (Form 8826),
- Renewable electricity production (Form 8835),
- Indian employment (Form 8845),
- Employer social security and Medicare taxes paid on certain employee tips (Form 8846),
- Orphan drug (Form 8820),

- Contributions to selected community development corporations (Form 8847), and
- Trans-Alaska pipeline liability fund.

The empowerment zone employment credit (Form 8844), while a component of the general business credit, is figured separately and is never carried to Form 3800.

Part II

Complete Part II if you do not have to file Form 3800.

Line 14. Enter the tentative minimum tax (TMT) that was figured on the appropriate alternative minimum tax (AMT) form or schedule. Although you may not owe AMT, you must still compute the TMT to figure your credit.

Line 15. See section 38(c)(3) for special rules that apply to married couples filing separate returns, controlled corporate groups, regulated investment companies, and real estate investment trusts.

Line 18. If you cannot use part of the credit because of the tax liability limit (line 17 is smaller than line 8), carry it back 3 years, then forward 15 years. See the separate Instructions for Form 3800 for details.

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice. We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. You are required to give us the information. We need it to ensure that you are complying with these laws and to allow us to figure and collect the right amount of tax.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by section 6103.

The time needed to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. The estimated average time is:

Recordkeeping	5 hr., 16 min.
Learning about the law or the form	47 min.
Preparing and sending the form to the IRS	55 min.

If you have comments concerning the accuracy of these time estimates or suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. See the instructions of the tax return with which this form is filed.

