Uniform Issue List: 9100.00-00



DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE WASHINGTON, D.C. 20224

200610025

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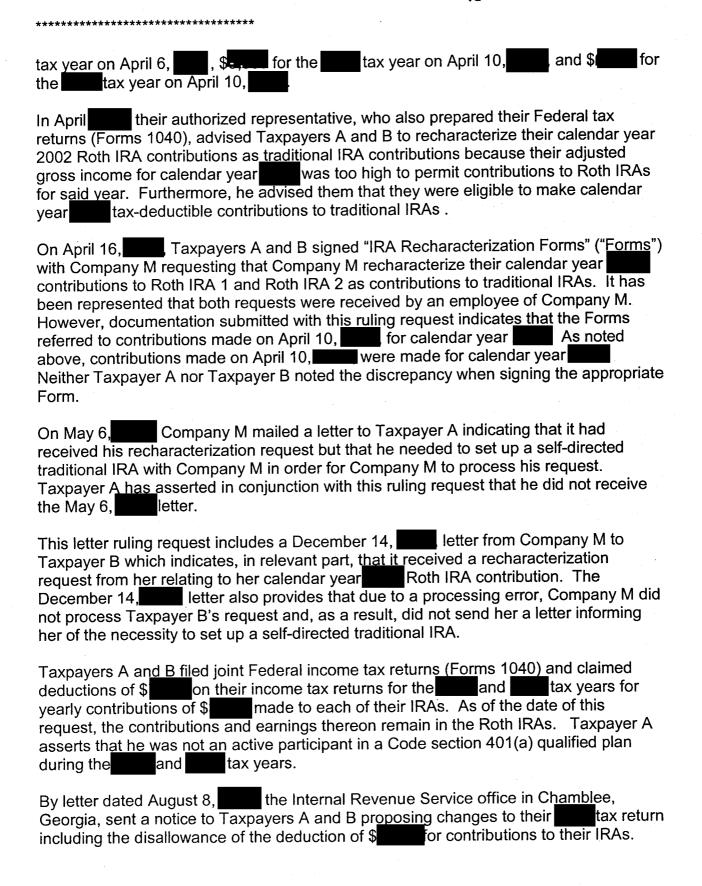
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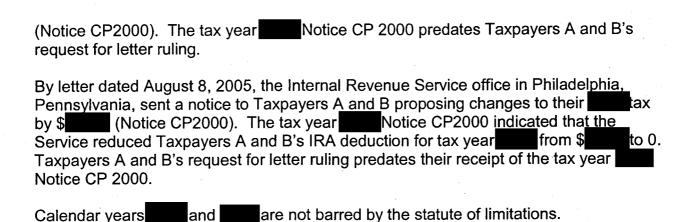
Legend:	
Taxpayer A =	******
Taxpayer B =	********
Company M =	**************************************
Roth IRA 1 =	**************************************
Roth IRA 2 =	**************************************
Dear **********	
This is in reply to a request for a ruling signed on November 29, 2004, as supplemented the standard August 40, 2005. Contember 45, 2005, and favor	

This is in reply to a request for a ruling signed on November 29, 2004, as supplemented by additional correspondence dated August 10, 2005, September 15, 2005, and faxes dated October 20, 2005, and October 27, 2005, from your authorized representative, in which you request relief under sections 301.9100-1 and 301.9100-3 of the Procedure and Administrative Regulations ("Regulations").

The following facts and representations have been submitted:

Taxpayers A and B maintained Roth IRA 1 and Roth IRA 2, respectively, at Company M. Documentation submitted with this ruling request indicates that Taxpayer A and Taxpayer B each made contributions to the respective Roth IRA of \$ for the





Based on the foregoing facts and representations, you have requested the following ruling:

That, pursuant to sections 301.9100-1 and 301.9100-3 of the Regulations Taxpayers A and B may make an election under section 1.408A-5 of the Income Tax Regulations (I.T. Regulations) to recharacterize their contributions to Roth IRA 1 and Roth IRA 2, respectively, for tax years 2002 and 2003 as contributions to traditional IRAs as long as said election is made no later than 60 days from the date of issuance of this ruling letter.

With respect to your request for relief under section 301.9100-3 of the Regulations, Code section 408A(d)(6) and section 1.408A-5 of the I.T. Regulations provide that, except as otherwise provided by the Secretary, a taxpayer may elect to recharacterize an IRA contribution made to one type of IRA as having been made to another type of IRA by making a trustee-to-trustee transfer of the IRA contributions, plus earnings, to the other type of IRA. In a recharacterization, the IRA contribution is treated as having been made to the transferee IRA and not the transferor IRA. Under Code section 408(d)(6) and section 1.408A-5 of the I.T. Regulations, this recharacterization election generally must occur on or before the date prescribed by law, including extensions, for filing the taxpayer's Federal Income Tax Return for the year of contribution.

Section 1.408A-5, Question and Answer-6(a) of the I.T. Regulations, describes how a taxpayer makes the election to recharacterize the IRA contribution. To recharacterize an amount to be converted: (1) the taxpayer must notify the trustee for the first IRA and the trustee to the second IRA, that the taxpayer has elected to treat the contribution as having been made to the second IRA, instead of the first IRA, (2) the amount and year of the contribution to the first IRA that is to be recharacterized (and if the transferee trustee is different from the transformer trustee with specific information that is sufficient to effect the recharicterization), and (3) the trustee must make the transfer.

Sections 301.9100-1, 301.9100-2, and 301.9100-3 of the Procedure and Administration Regulations, in general, provide guidance concerning requests for relief submitted to the Service on or after December 31, 1997. Section 301.9100-1(c) of the Regulations provides that the Commissioner of the Internal Revenue Service, in his discretion, may grant a reasonable extension of time fixed by a regulation, a revenue ruling, a revenue procedure, a notice, or an announcement published in the Internal Revenue Bulletin for making of a election or application for relief in respect of tax under, among others, Subtitle A of the Code.

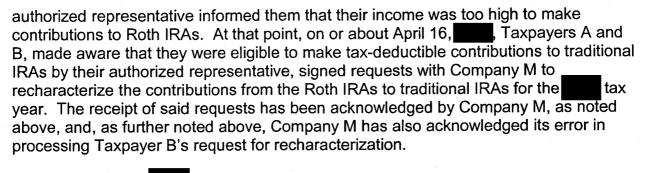
Section 301.9100-2 of the Regulations lists certain elections for which automatic extensions of time to file are granted. Section 301.9100-3 of the Regulations generally provides guidance with respect to the granting of relief with respect to those elections not referenced in section 301.9100-2. The relief requested in this case is not referenced in section 301.9100-2.

Section 301.9100-3(a) of the Regulations provides the application for relief that fall within section 301.9100-3 will be granted when the taxpayer provides sufficient evidence (including affidavits described in section 301.9100-3(e)) to establish that (1) the taxpayer acted reasonably and in good faith, and (2) granting relief would not prejudice the interests of the government.

Section 301.9100-3(b)(1) of the Regulations provides that a taxpayer will be deemed to have acted reasonably and in good faith (i) if its request for section 301.9100-1 relief is filed before the failure to make a timely election is discovered by the Service; (ii) if the taxpayer inadvertently failed to make the election because of intervening events beyond the taxpayer's control; (iii) if the taxpayer failed to make the election because, after exercising reasonable diligence, the taxpayer was unaware of the necessity for the election; (iv) the taxpayer relied upon the written advice of the Service, or (v) the taxpayer reasonably relied on a qualified tax professional, including a tax professional employed by the taxpayer, and the tax professional failed to make, or advise the taxpayer to make, the election.

Section 301.9100-3(c)(1)(ii) of the Regulations provides that ordinarily the interests of the government will be treated as prejudiced and that ordinarily the Service will not grant relief when tax years that would have been affected by the election had it been timely made are closed by the statute of limitations before the taxpayer's receipt of a ruling granting relief under this section.

Taxpayer A and Taxpayer B filed joint Federal income tax returns for tax years and least and claimed deductions for the tax years and and for contributions to their IRAs. At the time Taxpayers A and B made their calendar years contributions to their Roth IRAs Taxpayer A and Taxpayer B were not aware that they were ineligible to make said Roth IRA contributions. They became aware of said ineligibility when their



With respect to the tax year, Taxpayer A and Taxpayer B signed their request for relief under section 301.9100 of the Regulations on November 29, 2004 which was after they received a Notice CP 2000 dated August 30, from the Internal Revenue Service proposing to disallow deductions of for contributions to the IRAs for Under these circumstances, Taxpayer A and Taxpayer B have not met the requirements of clause (i) of section 301.9100-3(b)(1) of the Regulations. However, based on the above, we believe that Taxpayer A and Taxpayer B met the requirements of clause (ii) of section 301.9100-3(b)(1) of the Regulations for the tax year. Therefore, Taxpayer A and Taxpayer B are granted an extension of 60 days as measured from the date of the issuance of this ruling letter to recharcterize their calendar year contributions to their Roth IRAs, Roth IRA 1 and Roth IRA 2, as contributions to traditional IRAs.

With respect to the tax year, as noted above, Taxpayers A and B's request for relief under section 301.9100-3(b)(1) of the Regulations was filed with the Service prior to their receiving a Notice CP 2000 with respect to said year. Thus, although Taxpayers A and B have not satisfied the requirements of clauses (ii) through (v) of section 301.9100-3(b)(1) of the Regulations, they have satisfied the requirements of clause (i) of section 301.9100-3(b)(1) of the Regulations, even though the time period under Code section 408A(d)(6) and section 1.408A-5 of the I.T. Regulations has expired. Therefore, Taxpayer A and Taxpayer B are granted an extension of 60 days as measured from the date of this ruling letter to recharcterize their calendar year contributions to Roth IRA 1 and Roth IRA 2 as contributions to traditional IRAs.

No opinion is expressed as to the tax treatment of the transaction described herein under the provisions of any other section of either the Code or regulations, which may be applicable thereto.

This ruling is directed only to the taxpayer that requested it. Section 6110(k)(3) of the Code provides that it may not be used or cited by others as precedent.

A copy of this letter ruling has been sent to your authorized representative in accordance with a power of attorney on file in this office.

Sincerely yours,

Donzell Littlejohn, Manager Employee Plans Technical Group 4

Enclosures:

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