Internal Revenue Service	Department of the Treasury
Number: 200343011 Release Date: 10/24/2003 Index Number: 1362.02-03	Washington, DC 20224
	Person to Contact:
	Telephone Number:
	Refer Reply To: CC:PSI:2 - PLR–114826-03 ^{Date:} July 8, 2003

Legend	
<u>X</u>	=
Ctoto	_
<u>State</u>	=
Property 1	=
Property 2	=
Property 3	=
Property 4	=
Property 5	=
Date 1	=
Date 2	=
	-
<u>\$x</u>	=
<u>\$v</u>	=

Dear :

This responds to a letter dated February 13, 2003, submitted on behalf of \underline{X} by \underline{X} 's authorized representative, requesting a ruling that \underline{X} 's rental income from its commercial and residential rental properties is not passive investment income within the

meaning of § 1362(d)(3)(C)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The information submitted states that \underline{X} was incorporated in <u>State</u> on Date 1. \underline{X} plans to make an election to be treated as an S corporation. \underline{X} owns, leases, and manages three commercial properties, Property 1, Property 2 and Property 3, and two residential properties, Property 4, and Property 5. Through \underline{X} 's four employees, as well as through independent contractors, \underline{X} represents that it provides various services to its tenants. Services provided by \underline{X} include, but are not limited to, the following: inspection of exterior and vacant areas, daily property inspection, common area maintenance, janitorial services, plumbing, electrical maintenance, mechanical maintenance, maintenance and repair of the parking lot and grounds, landscaping, pest control, maintenance of storm drains, water, and sewage lines, snow and ice removal, and structural remodeling. In addition to services provided to tenants, \underline{X} handles the leasing, and administrative functions involved in managing real estate, including but not limited to, making major decisions affecting the management of the buildings, repairs, lease negotiations, and improvements.

In the taxable year ending Date 2, \underline{X} received or accrued \underline{x} in rents, which includes reimbursements by tenants for insurance, property taxes, and property maintenance expenses paid by \underline{X} . \underline{X} paid or incurred \underline{y} in relevant expenses other than depreciation. \underline{X} represents that it anticipates future amounts to be consistent with the income and expense amounts for prior periods.

Section 1361(a)(1) defines an "S corporation" as a small business corporation for which an election under § 1362(a) is in effect for the taxable year.

Section 1362(d)(2)(A) provides than an election under § 1362(a) shall be terminated whenever (at any time after the first day of the first taxable year for which the corporation is an S corporation) such corporation ceases to be a small business corporation.

Section 1362(d)(3)(A) provides that an election under § 1362(a) shall be terminated whenever the corporation has accumulated earnings and profits at the close of each of 3 consecutive taxable years, and has gross receipts for each of such taxable years more than 25 percent of which are passive investment income. Any termination under this paragraph shall be effective on and after the first day of the first taxable year beginning after the third consecutive taxable year referred to above.

Section 1362(d)(3)(C)(i) provides that except as otherwise provided, the term "passive investment income" means gross receipts derived from royalties, rents, dividends, interest, annuities, and sales or exchanges of stock or securities.

Section 1.1362-2(c)(5)(ii)(B)(2) of the Income Tax Regulations provides that "rents" does not include rents derived in the active trade or business of renting property. Rents received by a corporation are derived in an active trade or business of renting property only if, based on all the facts and circumstances, the corporation provides significant services or incurs substantial costs in the rental business. Generally,

significant services are not rendered and substantial costs are not incurred in connection with net leases. Whether significant services are performed or substantial costs are incurred in the rental business is determined based upon all the facts and circumstances including, but not limited to, the number of persons employed to provide the services and the types and amounts of costs and expenses incurred (other than depreciation).

Based solely on the facts and the representations submitted we conclude that the rental income that \underline{X} derives from Property 1, Property 2, Property 3, Property 4, and Property 5 is not passive investment income as described in § 1362(d)(3)(C)(i).

Except as specifically set forth above, we express no opinion as to the federal tax consequences of the transaction described above under any other provision of the Code. Specifically, we express no opinion on whether \underline{X} is a small business corporation eligible to make an S election. Further, the passive investment income rules of § 1362 are completely independent of the passive activity rules of section § 469; unless an exception under § 469 applies, the rental activity remains passive for purposes of § 469.

This ruling is directed only to the taxpayer requesting it. Section 6110(k)(3) of the Code provides that it may not be used or cited as precedent.

Pursuant to the power of attorney on file with this office, a copy of this letter is being sent to \underline{X} 's authorized representative.

Sincerely yours,

J. Thomas Hines Chief, Branch 2 Associate Chief Counsel (Passthroughs and Special Industries)

Enclosures: 2 Copy of this letter Copy for § 6110 purposes