

INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE

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CC:PSI:6 PLR-121456-00

May 10, 2001

Re: Revised Schedule of Ruling Amounts

Taxpayer =
Former Parent =
Parent =
Plant =
Location =
Commission A =
Order A =
Commission B =
Order B-1 =
Rate B-1 =
Order B-2 =
Rate B-2 =
Director =
Dear :

This letter responds to the request of Taxpayer, dated _____, submitted by its authorized representative, for a revised schedule of ruling amounts pursuant to section 1.468A-3(i) of the Income Tax Regulations. Taxpayer is seeking this revised schedule of ruling amounts because the sale of the Plant in 1999 was subsequent to the prior schedule of ruling amounts approved by the Internal

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Revenue Service, limited to the period ending .
In a private letter ruling dated , the Service
agreed under section 9100 to treat Taxpayer's request for a
revised schedule of ruling amounts as timely filed. Information
was submitted pursuant to section 1.468A-3(h)(2).

We understand the facts as presented by Taxpayer to be as
follows:

Until , Taxpayer was a wholly-owned
subsidiary of Former Parent. On that date, Former Parent merged
with a different company to form Parent, which now owns Taxpayer.
For the period covered by this private letter ruling, Taxpayer
was the sole owner of the Plant, which is situated in Location.
Taxpayer is subject to the jurisdiction of Commission A and
Commission B. The Rate B-2 customers under the jurisdiction of
Commission B are responsible for percent of the cost of
decommissioning the Plant. Taxpayer's retail customers bear
percent of the balance of the decommissioning costs and the
remaining percent paid by the Rate B-1 customers.
Taxpayer's proposed method of decommissioning is prompt
removal/dismantlement. Taxpayer is under the audit jurisdiction
of Director.

Taxpayer sold its interest in the Plant to an unrelated
party, effective . Accordingly, Taxpayer has
requested a revised schedule of ruling amounts based on the
amount of decommissioning costs eligible for inclusion in
Taxpayer's cost of service, prorated for the number of days of
tax year during which Taxpayer owned the Plant.

Commission A, in Order A, previously calculated the
decommissioning costs to be included in Taxpayer's cost of
service for ratemaking purposes for the retail customers for the
years to be \$ per year. The cost of
decommissioning the Plant was estimated at \$
. Commission A did not prepare an estimate of future
decommissioning costs.

Commission B, in Order B-1, previously calculated the
decommissioning costs to be included in Taxpayer's cost of
service for ratemaking purposes for the Rate B-1 customers for
the years . Taxpayer represents that this
amount is currently \$ per year. The cost of
decommissioning the Plant was estimated at \$
. Commission B did not prepare an estimate of future

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decommissioning costs in this proceeding.

Commission B, in Order B-2, previously calculated the decommissioning costs to be included in Taxpayer's cost of service for ratemaking purposes for the Rate B-2 customers to be \$ _____ for the years _____ and \$ _____ for _____. The cost of decommissioning the Plant was estimated at \$ _____. This estimate escalated at _____ percent annually results in a future decommissioning cost of \$ _____ in future dollars.

The funding period and the level funding limitation period for Commission A and Commission B (for purposes of Rate B-2) extend from _____. The funding period and the level funding limitation period for Commission B (for purposes of Rate B-1) extend from _____.

For Commission A and Commission B (for purposes of Rate B-2), the estimated useful life of the Plant is _____ and the estimated period for which the nuclear decommissioning fund ("Fund") is to be in effect is _____. For Commission B (for purposes of Rate B-1), the estimated useful life of the Plant is _____ and the estimated period for which the Fund is to be effect is _____. As determined in a previous schedule of ruling amounts, Taxpayer has elected to calculate the qualifying percentage in accordance with section 1.468A-8(b)(7)(iii). Accordingly, the qualifying percentage for both Commission A and Commission B continues to be _____ percent.

Section 468A of the Internal Revenue Code provides that a taxpayer may elect to deduct the amount of payments made to a qualified nuclear decommissioning fund. However, section 468A(b) limits the amount paid into the fund for any tax year to the lesser of the amount of nuclear decommissioning costs allocable to the fund that is included in the taxpayer's cost of service for ratemaking purposes for the tax year or the ruling amount applicable to this year.

Section 468A(d)(1) of the Code provides that no deduction shall be allowed for any payment to the nuclear decommissioning fund unless the taxpayer requests and receives from the Secretary a schedule of ruling amounts. The "ruling amount" for any tax year is defined under section 468A(d)(2) as the amount which the Secretary determines to be necessary to fund that portion of nuclear decommissioning costs which bears the same ratio to the

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nuclear power plant as the period for which the fund is in effect bears to the estimated useful life of the plant. This term is further defined to include the amount necessary to prevent excessive funding of nuclear decommissioning costs or funding of these costs at a rate more rapid than level funding, taking into account such discount rates as the Secretary deems appropriate.

Section 468A(g) of the Code provides that a taxpayer shall be deemed to have made a payment to the nuclear decommissioning fund on the last day of the tax year if the payment is made on account of this tax year within 2 ½ months after the close of the tax year.

Section 1.468A-1(a) of the regulations provides that an eligible taxpayer may elect to deduct nuclear decommissioning costs under section 468A of the Code. An "eligible taxpayer", as defined under section 1.468A-1(b)(1), is a taxpayer that has a qualifying interest in a nuclear power plant. As defined under section 1.468A-1(b)(2), a "qualifying interest" is, among other things, a direct ownership interest, including an interest held as a tenant in common or joint tenant.

Section 1.468A-2(b)(1) of the regulations provides that the maximum amount of cash payments made (or deemed made) to a nuclear decommissioning fund during any tax year shall not exceed the lesser of the cost of service amount applicable to the nuclear decommissioning fund for such tax year; or the ruling amount applicable to the nuclear decommissioning fund for such tax year. If the amount of cash payments made (or deemed made) to the Fund during the tax year exceeds such limitation, the excess is not deductible by the electing taxpayer.

Section 1.468A-3(a)(1) of the regulations provides that, in general, a schedule of ruling amounts for a nuclear decommissioning fund is a ruling specifying annual payments that, over the tax years remaining in the "funding period" as of the date the schedule first applies, will result in a projected balance of the nuclear decommissioning fund as of the last day of the funding period equal to (and in no event more than) the "amount of decommissioning costs allocable to the fund." Section 1.468A-3(a)(2) bases the schedule of ruling amounts on the reasonable assumptions and determinations used by the applicable public utility commission(s) in establishing or approving the amount of decommissioning costs to be included in the cost of service for ratemaking purposes, taking into account amounts that are otherwise required to be included in the taxpayer's income

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under section 88 of the Code and the regulations thereunder. Each schedule of ruling amounts shall be based on the public utility commission's reasonable assumptions concerning; (i) the after-tax rate of return to be earned by the amounts collected for decommissioning, (ii) the total estimated cost of decommissioning the nuclear power plant, and (iii) the frequency of contributions to the nuclear decommissioning fund for a tax year.

Section 1.468A-3(a)(5) of the regulations provides that the Service may, in its discretion, provide a schedule of ruling amounts that is determined on a basis other than the rules of paragraphs (a) through (g) if in connection with its request for a schedule of ruling amounts, the taxpayer explains the need for special treatment and sets forth an alternative basis for determining the schedule of ruling amounts and the Service determines that special treatment is consistent with section 468A of the Code.

Section 1.468A-3(b)(1) of the regulations provides that the ruling amount, specified in a schedule of ruling amounts, for any tax year in the level funding limitation period shall not be less than the ruling amount specified in such schedule for any earlier tax year. Under section 1.468A-3(b)(2), the level funding limitation period begins on the first day of the first tax year for which a deductible payment is made to the nuclear decommissioning fund and ends on the last day of the tax year that includes the estimated date on which the nuclear power plant will no longer be included in the taxpayer's rate base for ratemaking purposes.

Section 1.468A-3(d)(1) of the regulations provides that the amount of decommissioning costs allocable to a nuclear decommissioning fund is the taxpayer's share of the total estimated cost of decommissioning the nuclear power plant multiplied by the qualifying percentage.

Section 1.468A-3(d)(2) of the regulations provides that, in general, the total estimated cost of decommissioning a nuclear power plant is the reasonably estimated cost of decommissioning used by the applicable public utility commission in establishing or approving the amount of these costs, to be included in cost of service for ratemaking purposes.

Section 1.468A-3(d)(3) of the regulations provides that a taxpayer's share of the total estimated cost of decommissioning a

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nuclear power plant equals the total estimated cost of decommissioning such plant multiplied by the taxpayer's qualifying interest in the plant.

Section 1.468A-3(f)(1) of the regulations provides that if two or more public utility commissions establish or approve rates for electric energy generated by a single nuclear power plant, then the schedule of ruling amounts shall be separately determined pursuant to the rules of sections 1.468A-3(a) through (e) for each public utility commission that has determined the amount of decommissioning costs to be included in the cost of service for ratemaking purposes for this plant. Under section 1.468A-3(f)(2), this separate determination shall be based on the reasonable assumptions and determinations used by the relevant public utility commission and shall take into account only that portion of the total estimated cost of decommissioning that is properly allocable to the ratepayer whose rates are established or approved by the public utility commission. According to section 1.468A-3(f)(3), the ruling amount for any tax year is the sum of the ruling amounts for such tax year determined under the separate schedules of ruling amounts.

Section 1.468A-3(g) of the regulations provides that the Internal Revenue Service shall not provide a taxpayer with a schedule of ruling amounts for any nuclear decommissioning fund unless the public utility commission that establishes or approves the rates for electric energy generated by the plant has determined the amount of decommissioning costs to be included in the taxpayer's cost of service for ratemaking purposes and has disclosed the after-tax rate of return and any other assumptions and determinations used in establishing or approving the amount.

Section 1.468A-3(i)(1)(iii) of the regulations provides that a taxpayer is required to request a revised schedule of ruling amounts for a nuclear decommissioning fund if (A) any public utility commission that establishes or approves rates for the furnishing or sale of electric energy generated by a nuclear power plant to which the nuclear decommissioning fund relates reduces the amount of decommissioning costs to be included in cost of service for any tax year and (B) the taxpayer's most recent request for a schedule of ruling amounts did not provide notice to the Service of such action by any public utility commission.

Section 1.468A-3(i)(2) of the regulations provides that any taxpayer that has previously obtained a schedule of ruling

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amounts can request a revised schedule of ruling amounts. Such a request must be made in accordance with the rules of section 1.468A-3(h). The Internal Revenue Service shall not provide a revised schedule of ruling amounts applicable to a tax year in response to a request for a schedule of ruling amounts that is filed after the deemed deadline date for such tax year.

Section 1.468A-3(j)(1) provides a special rule permitting payments to a nuclear decommissioning fund before receipt of a ruling amount applicable to the taxable year if the taxpayer timely filed a request for a ruling amount for the applicable taxable year and has not received the requested schedule of ruling amounts prior to the deemed payment deadline date for that taxable year. However, section 1.468A-3(j)(3) provides that if, as a result of an electing taxpayer making such a payment prior to receiving a schedule of ruling amounts and the ruling amount approved by the Service being less than the ruling amount proposed by the taxpayer there is an excess contribution (as defined in section 1.468A-5(c)(2)(iii)), then the excess contribution is not deductible and must be withdrawn by the electing taxpayer. In addition, any interest earned on account of such excess contribution must be withdrawn.

Section 1.468A-5(c)(2)(ii) of the regulations defines an excess contribution as the amount by which cash payments made (or deemed made) to the Fund during any tax year exceed the payment limitation contained in section 468A(b) of the Code and section 1.468A-2. Section 1.468A-5(c)(2)(iii) provides that the income of the Fund attributable to an excess contribution is required to be included in the gross income of the Fund.

We have examined the representations and data submitted by the Taxpayer in relation to the requirements set forth in the Code and the regulations. Based solely on these representations of the facts, we reach the following conclusions:

1. The Taxpayer has a qualifying interest in the Plant and is, therefore, an eligible taxpayer under section 1.468A-1(b)(1) and (2) of the regulations.
2. As required by section 1.468A-3(f)(3) of the regulations, the Taxpayer is proposing a total ruling amount for each year that is the sum of the separate amounts with respect to Commissions A and B.
3. Commissions A and B have authorized decommissioning

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costs to be included in the Taxpayer's cost of service for ratemaking purposes as required by section 1.468A-3(g) of the regulations.

4. The Taxpayer has proposed a schedule of ruling amounts which meets the requirements of section 1.468A-3(a)(1) and (2) of the regulations. The annual payments specified in the proposed schedule of ruling amounts are based on the reasonable assumptions and determinations used by Commissions A and B and will result in a projected fund balance at the end of the funding period equal to or less than the amount of decommissioning costs allocable to the Fund for that jurisdiction.
5. The maximum amount of cash payments made (or deemed made) to the Fund during any tax year is restricted to the lesser amount of the decommissioning cost applicable to the Fund or the ruling amount applicable to the Fund, as set forth under section 1.468A-2(b)(1) of the regulations.

Based on the above determinations, we conclude that the Taxpayer's proposed schedule of ruling amounts satisfies the requirements of section 468A of the Code.

APPROVED SCHEDULE OF RULING AMOUNTS

In order to avoid disqualification of the Fund under section 1.468A-5 as a result of the modification of Taxpayer's requested schedule of ruling amounts with respect to Commission A and Commission B, any amounts contributed by the Taxpayer, herein, to the Fund with respect to Commission A or Commission B for tax year in excess of the amounts in the above-approved schedule, as well as any earnings with respect to such excess amounts, must be immediately withdrawn from the Fund (see generally section 1.468A-3(j)).

Approval of the schedule of ruling amounts is contingent on there being no change in the facts and circumstances, known or

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assumed, at the time the current ruling is issued. If any of the events described in section 1.468A-3(i)(1)(iii) of the regulations occur in future years, the Taxpayer must request a review and revision of the schedule of ruling amounts. Generally, the Taxpayer is required to file such a request on or before the deemed payment deadline date for the first tax year in which the rates reflecting such action became effective. When no such event occurs, the Taxpayer must file a request for a revised schedule of ruling amounts on or before the deemed payment deadline of the 10th tax year following the close of the tax year in which the most recent schedule of ruling amounts was received.

The approved schedule of ruling amounts is relevant only to those payments made to the Fund. Payments allocable to any funds other than the Fund, cannot qualify for purposes of the deduction under the provisions of section 468A of the Code. Payments made to such Fund can qualify only to the extent that they were made while the Taxpayer was the owner of the Plant and only to the extent that they do not exceed the lesser of the decommissioning costs applicable to such Fund or the ruling amounts applicable to this Fund in the tax year.

This ruling is directed only to the Taxpayer who requested it. Section 6110(k)(3) of the Code provides it may not be used or cited as precedent. In accordance with the power of attorney on file with this office, a copy of this letter is being sent to your authorized representative. Pursuant to section 1.468A-7(a) of the regulations, a copy of this letter must be attached (with the required Election Statement) to the Taxpayer's federal income tax return for each year in which the Taxpayer claims a deduction for payments to the Fund.

Sincerely yours,
Peter C. Friedman
Senior Technician Reviewer, Branch 6
Office of Associate Chief Counsel
(Passthroughs and Special

Industries)
cc