

Internal Revenue Service

Department of the Treasury **200008042**

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Washington, DC 20224

Person to contact:

Telephone Number:

Refer Reply To:

CC:DOM:CORP:1-PLR-114031-99

Date:

November 30, 1999

Legend:

Parent =

Purchaser =

Holding =

X =

Seller =

Target =

Parent's
Tax Professional =

Parent's
Company Official =

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Holding's
Tax Professional =

Holding's
Company Official =

Date A =

Date B =

Date C =

Date D =

Authorized Representatives =

Dear

This responds to your Authorized Representatives' letter dated August 13, 1999 requesting an extension of time to file an election under §§ 301.9100-1 and 301.9100-3 of the Procedure and Administration Regulations to file an election. Parent (as the common parent of the consolidated group that includes Purchaser) and Holding (as the common parent of the consolidated group that includes Seller) are requesting the extension to file a "section 338(h)(10) election" under §§ 338(g) and 338(h)(10) of the Internal Revenue Code and § 1.338(h)(10)-1(d) of the Income Tax Regulations (the "Election"), with respect to Purchaser's acquisition of Target on Date B. Additional information was received in a letter dated November 24, 1999. The material information is summarized below.

Parent is the common parent of a consolidated group that has a 52/53 week taxable year ending the last Saturday of November and uses the accrual method of accounting. Purchaser, a wholly owned subsidiary of Parent, is included in Parents consolidated return.

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Holding is the common parent of a consolidated group that has a taxable calendar year and uses the accrual method of accounting. Target was a wholly-owned subsidiary of Seller, which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Holding. Target was included in Holding's consolidated return until consummation of the transaction described below. Holding is a wholly owned subsidiary of X (a foreign corporation whose country of formation is set forth in the redacted legend above).

On Date A, Purchaser and Seller entered into a Stock Purchase Agreement for Purchaser to acquire all of Seller's Target stock. On Date B, pursuant to the Stock Purchase Agreement, Purchaser acquired all of Seller's Target stock for cash in a fully taxable acquisition. It is represented that (1) Purchaser was not related to Seller within the meaning of § 338(h)(3), and (2) Purchaser's acquisition of Target stock qualified as a "qualified stock purchase," as defined in § 338(d)(3). Following the acquisition, "new" Target was included in Parent's consolidated return.

Parent and Holding intended to file the Election. The Election was due on Date C, but for various reasons it was not filed. On or about Date D (which is after the due date for the Election), Parent's Company Official, Holding's Company Official, Parent's Tax Professional and Holding's Tax Professional discovered that the Election was not timely filed. The period of limitations on assessment under § 6501 (a) has not expired for Parent's, Target's, Holding's or Seller's taxable year in which the acquisition/sale was consummated, the taxable year in which the Election should have been filed, or for any years that would have been affected by the Election had it been timely filed.

Section 338(a) permits certain stock purchases to be treated as asset acquisitions if: (I) the purchasing corporation makes or is treated as having made a "section 338 election" under § 338(g); and (2) the acquisition is a "qualified stock purchase." Section 338(d)(3) defines a "qualified stock purchase" as any transaction or series of transactions in which stock (meeting the requirements of § 1504(a)(2)) of one corporation is acquired by another corporation by purchase during the twelve month acquisition period.

Section 338(h)(3)(A) provides that the term "purchase" means any acquisition of stock, but only if: (i) the basis of the stock in the hands of the purchasing corporation is not determined (I) in whole or in part by reference to the adjusted basis of such stock in the hands of the person from whom acquired, or (II) under § 1014(a) (relating to property acquired from a decedent); (ii) the stock is not acquired in an exchange to which § 351, 354, 355, or 356 applies and is not acquired in any other transaction described in regulations in which the transferor does not recognize the entire amount of the gain or loss realized on the transaction; and (iii) the stock is not acquired from a person the ownership of whose stock would, under § 318(a) (other than paragraph (4) thereof) be attributed to the person acquiring such stock.

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Section 338(h)(10) permits the purchasing and selling corporations to elect jointly to treat the target corporation as deemed to sell all of its assets and distribute the proceeds in complete liquidation. The sale of stock included in the qualified stock purchase generally is ignored. A § 338(h)(10) election may be made for target only if it is a member of a selling consolidated group, a member of a selling affiliated group filing separate returns, or an S corporation. Section 1.338(h)(10)-1(a). Gain or loss on the deemed sale is included in the consolidated return of the selling group (unless the target corporation is a member of a selling affiliated group filing separate returns or an S corporation). Section 1.338(h)(10)-1(d) provides that a § 338(h)(10) election may be made for the target corporation if the purchasing corporation makes a “qualified stock purchase” of the target corporation stock. Sections 1.338(h)(10)-1(d)(2) and (3) provide that if a § 338(h)(10) election is made for the target corporation, it is irrevocable and a § 338 election is deemed made for the target corporation.

Section 1.338(h)(10)-1(d)(2) provides that a § 338(h)(10) election is jointly made by a purchaser and the selling consolidated group (or the selling affiliate) on Form 8023 in accordance with the instructions to the form. The regulations further provide that the election must be made not later than the 15th day of the ninth month beginning after the month in which the acquisition date occurs. The instructions to Form 8023 provide that if a § 338(h)(10) election must be made jointly by the purchasing corporation and the common parent of the selling consolidated group (or selling affiliate). The instructions provide that the form must be signed by each person authorized to act on behalf of each corporation. The instructions further provide that the signatures, dates and titles (if applicable) of those persons must be provided in a “signature attachment,” and they provide specific details as to the preparation of the “signature attachment” and its attachment to Form 8023.

Section 1.338-2(b)(4) provides that if an election under § 338 is made for target, old target is deemed to sell target’s assets and new target is deemed to acquire those assets.

Section 1.1502-77(a) provides that the common parent, for all purposes (other than for several purposes not relevant here), shall be the sole agent for each subsidiary in the group, duly authorized to act in its own name in all matters relating to the tax liability of the consolidated return year. See also Form 8023 and the instructions thereto.

Under § 301.9100-1, the Commissioner has discretion to grant a reasonable extension of time to make a regulatory election, under all subtitles of the Internal Revenue Code except subtitles E, G, H, and I, provided the taxpayer demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that:

- (1) The taxpayer acted reasonably and in good faith, and,

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(2) Granting relief will not prejudice the interests of the government

In this case, Parent and Holding were required by § 1.338(h)(10)-1(d)(2) to file the Election on Date C. For various reasons the Election was not timely filed. Subsequently, Parent and Holding filed this request, under § 301.9100-1, for an extension of time to file the Election. The time for filing the Election is fixed by the regulations (*i.e.*, § 1.338(h)(10)-1(d)). Therefore, the Commissioner has discretionary authority under § 301.9100-1 to grant an extension of time for Parent and Holding to file the Election, provided Parent and Holding show they acted reasonably and in good faith, the requirements of §§ 301.9100-1 and 301.9100-3 are satisfied, and granting relief will not prejudice the interests of the government.

information, affidavits, and representations submitted by Holding, Parent, Parent's Company Official, Holding's Tax Professional, Holding's Company Official and Authorized Representatives explain the circumstances that resulted in the failure to timely file a valid Election, The information also establishes that tax professionals were responsible for the Election, that Parent and Holding relied on them to timely make the Election, and that the government will not be prejudiced if relief is granted. See §§ 301.9100-3(b)(1)(v).

Based on the facts and information submitted, including the representations made, we conclude that Parent and Holding have shown that they acted reasonably and in good faith, the requirements of §§ 301.9100-1 and 301.9100-3 are satisfied, and granting relief will not prejudice the interests of the government. Accordingly, an extension of time is granted under § 301.9100-1, until 30 days from the date of issuance of this letter for Parent (as the common parent of the consolidated group that includes Purchaser) and Holding (as the common parent of the consolidated group that includes Seller) to file the Election with respect to the acquisition of Target, as described above.

The above extension of time is conditioned on the taxpayers' (Parents, Purchaser's, Holding's, Seller's and Targets) tax liability (if any) being not lower, in the aggregate, for all years to which the Election applies, than it would have been if the Election had been timely made (taking into account the time value of money). No opinion is expressed as to the taxpayers' tax liability for the years involved. The District Director's office will make a determination thereof upon audit of the Federal income tax returns involved. Further, we express no opinion as to the Federal income tax effect, if any, if it is determined that the taxpayers' liability is lower. Section 301.9100-3(c). The above extension is also conditioned on (i) Parent and Holding signing the Election, and (ii) Parent and Holding treating the acquisition/sale of Target stock as a § 338(h)(10) transaction.

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Parent and Holding must file the Election in accordance with § 338(h)(10)-1(d) (i.e., a new election on Form-8023 must be executed on or after the date of this letter, which grants an extension, and filed in accordance with the instructions to the form). A copy of this letter should be attached to the election form. On their Federal Tax returns, Parent and Holding must report the transaction as a "section 338(h)(10)" transaction, and attach a copy of the Election (and the information required therewith) and a copy of this letter.

We express no opinion regarding: (1) whether the acquisition/sale of Target stock qualifies as a "qualified stock purchase" under § 338(d)(3); (2) whether the acquisition/sale of Target stock qualifies for § 338(h)(10) treatment; or (3), if § 338(h)(10) is applicable, as to the amount and character of gain or loss, if any, recognized by Target and Holding on Target's deemed asset sale and deemed liquidation.

In addition, we express no opinion as to the tax consequences of filing the Election late under the provisions of any other section of the Code and regulations, or as to the tax treatment of any conditions existing at the time of, or resulting from, filing the Election late that are not specifically set forth in the above ruling. For purposes of granting relief under § 301.9100-1, we relied on certain statements and representations made by the taxpayers. The District Director(s) should verify all essential facts, however. In addition, notwithstanding that an extension is granted under § 301.9100-1 to file the Election, penalties and interest that would otherwise be applicable, if any, continue to apply.

This letter is directed only to the taxpayer(s) who requested it. Section 6110(k)(3) provides that it may not be used or cited as precedent.

Pursuant to powers of attorney on file in this office we are sending copies of this letter to your authorized Representatives.

Sincerely yours,

Assistant Chief Counsel (Corporate)

By: _____

Richard Todd

Counsel to the Assistant Chief Counsel (Corporate)

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